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1624. January 27. Earl of Mark against Lord Elphinston.

North Ville Attribution of Court Conservation in the Conservation of the Conservation In the Earl of Marr's action against my Lord Elphinston, after the defender had produced his incident, alleged for the pursuer, in the principal cause, No process in the incident against the King's Advocate, because the executions bear him to be summoned where there was no warrant for the doing thereof, neither in the act nor letters, without which the diligence cannot be sustained. Replied. The diligence would be sufficient, albeit the advocate were not summoned, seeing he is a party compearing in the principal cause, but far more here where he has summoned him; and were it alleged done without a warrant, that is the clerk's fault, and not the party's. Duplied, That the advocate is a necessary party to be summoned in the incident (as was found between my Lord Buccleugh and Yester, No 123. p. 2242, voce CITATION,) and therefore should have done with a warrant. THE LORDS found the exception relevant, because no execution can subsist without a warrant, and the fault was as well in the defender's procurators (who should have seen the act and letters mended before the forthtaking thereof) as in the clerks.

Spottiswood; (Summonds of Incident Diligence.) p. 174.

1626. November 23. WATSON against LORD HOLYROODHOUSE.

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No 1662.

No 165. Execution of

an incident

without a warrant a-

gainst the

person cited: cannot sub-

In the action pursued by James Watson against the Lord Holyroodhouse, the Lords would not grant to the defender, at the second diligence for proving an exception, a term upon sixty days to summon witnesses forth of the realm, because, at the time of litiscontestation, and assigning a day to prove his exception, the defender did not protest for such diligence against witnesses, being forth of the realm; neither would they admit him to give his oath, that they were necessary witnesses, because he did it not at the beginning; neither would they give him a commission for examining the witnesses out of the realm, albeit he offered to bring back the report thereof before the ending of the diligences against the witnesses within the realm.

Fol. Dic. v. 2. p. 189. Spottiswood, (Summons of Inc. Dil.) p. 174.

1627. January 20. DUNBAR of Burghie aguinst TENANTS.

In an action of spuilzie at the instance of Robert Dunbar of Burghie against the Tenants of Carse, the Lords sustained an incident diligence used at the defender's instance, for proving of an exception admitted to their probation, executed upon 60 days against the defenders called therein, who were out of the country; albeit at the term of litiscontestation he protested not for an incident.

No 167.