

S E C T. IX.

Power of Revocation, when it Ceases.

1631. July 21. Lady HATTONHALL *against* CRANSTONS.

Donatio inter virum et uxorem stante matrimonio is revocable by the husband in his own time; which revocation must either be expressly or tacit, if the husband make disposition of the same lands, or other donation, to any other person, whereby his contrary mind may appear evidently; but, although he contract debts, for which his lands are comprised, this deed is not thought a revocation, that may annul the former gift to his wife

Auchinleck, MS. p. 90.

No 357.

1634. March 22. GLASFORD *against* DAWLING.

A DONATION by a husband to his wife found validly revoked, though after the wife's decease.

Fol. Dic. v. 1. p. 412. Durie.

No 358.

* * See this case No 317. p. 6106.

S E C T. X.

Form of Revocation.

EARL OF EGLINTON *against* His LADY.

INFERTMENT given by the husband to the wife *stante matrimonio*, without any reduction, may be annulled by a private revocation.

Fol. Dic. v. 1. p. 412. Appendix to Pitmedden's copy of Colville, p. 85.

No 359.