rent twenty bolls of victual since the year 1641; convening Mr Thomas M'Kenzie, as representing his father, to make payment thereof: the Lords found the defender should make up to the pursuer the six chalders of victual since the date of the summons, and not before; and found, That, in time coming, the defender should be obliged to give sufficient tenants to take the conjunct feelands at the rate, and therefore could be cautioner himself for other payment.

1664. November 16. SARAH and ELIZABETH KIRKTOUNE against The LAIRD of HUNTHILL.

SARAH and Elizabeth Kirktoune having recovered a decreet against the Laird of Hunthill, as being tutor nominated to them by their mother's testament, and having comprised his estate, and intented removing thereupon; there was a reduction, intented by Hunthill, of the foresaid decreet; wherein the grounds of the confirmed testament were called for, viz. the nomination, and the act whereon the tutors had accepted. The Lords inclined that the testament, ante omnia, should be produced; and thought it might be of dangerous consequence if the assertation of a clerk should bind a tutory, and consequently an intromission and a necessity of counting; but it was waved in regard of the consequence, and the parties desired to agree.

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1664. November 17. John Stirling against Nicol Edgar.

UMQUHILE Mary Home did assign the sum of 200 merks, resting to her by Nicol Edgar, to Mr William Stirling, minister of Edinburgh, for the behoof of such poor persons within the town of Edinburgh as he should think fit. The said Mary being bastard, the gift of bastardy was disponed in favours of David Home; and, by an act of Exchequer, the same was burdened with payment of the said 200 merks, of the date of the gift. Upon which assignation and gift of Exchequer, Mr John Stirling caused arrest the said 200 merks in Nicol Edgar's hands, and raised summons against him and the donatar for payment thereof; but, before Mr John could obtain payment, the gift was declared generally and specially. Whereupon there being a double pointing raised by Nicol Edgar, against the assignee and the donatar, it was excepted by the donatar, That the assignation was null, not being subscribed by two notaries, before four witnesses. To which it was answered, That the donatar could not quarrel, because the Exchequer, who was his author, had acknowledged the solemnity to be sufficient; in so far as, by an act of Exchequer, it was declared that her gift should be affected with the payment of that debt. To which it was replied, That his gift could not be affected with that debt, because it did not bear the same; and the act of Exchequer was but the assertion of one notary, being subscribed by the clerk; and the gift is passed the seals simply, without any such condition. To which it was duplied, That the act of Exchequer being passed simul et semel with the gift,