

1671. *November 18.*

THE Lords found an assignation to an heritable bond, or a legacy left out of an heritable sum, though they will not militate against the heir, but are reducible at his instance; yet that the executor was convenable on the clause of warrantice, and that such rights are valid to affect the moveable estate, and so the executors are liable therein; though it was alleged that disposition of heritage on dead-bed, is a deed simply null of the law: *quoad falsum est*; for it is only null *quoad* the heir.

NOTA,—That *insanitas mentis* is not the great adequate reason inhibiting deeds *in lecto*, (though it be commonly given for it,) else such deeds should be absolutely null, both *quoad* heir and executor, and should not stand valid against the executor. *Vide omnino Durie, 22d January, 1624, Drummond and Drummond, with the laws and authors there cited; infra, June, 1676, Mitchell and Littlejohn, No. 478. Advocates' MS. No. 260, folio 114.*

1671. *November 18.*

Anent CURATORS.

[*See the Case here referred to, supra, No. 40, page 476.*]

IN the action before mentioned betwixt Eleis of Southside, and Carse, *supra*, at No. 30, they found, though the office of curatory expired by the minor's arriving at his perfect age of twenty-one, and that they were not liable to count for any of his rents, except what they actually intromitted with after his majority; yet if there be one curator nominated by the rest, and sole intromitter, if he intromit with any part of the minor's rents after his majority, *eo ipso*, he shall be liable for all that year whereof he uplifted a part, though the same be small, because he should have continued his intromission; though it might very well have been objected, that if the tenants had not made voluntary payment of their farms to him, he had no right of exaction; he could not legally compel them, seeing his right was expired. But I think, if such a curator could say, that the tenants refused to answer him, it would deserve its own consideration.

*Advocates' MS. No. 261, folio 114.*

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THE Lords found a clause in a contract of marriage, that such a woman shall be a bairn of the house, notwithstanding her tocher, obligatory; so that the wife may not, in prejudice of her husband, dispose upon it in testament to her own children, nor discharge it. *Vide Dury, 6 July, 1630, Aikenhead against Bothwell. Vide Hope, tit. De successionibus, in practicis observationibus patris, folio 108, ubi contrarium; as also Lex 15. C. de Pactis seems contrary. Dury, 15th July, 1636, Drummond. Advocates' MS. No. 262, folio 114.*