1743. December 7. Town of Musselburgh against Marquis of Tweed-

In the case of Stuart of Urchilberg against Stuart, 20th November 1739, it was decided, or rather given up, that a charter from a subject, with a clause "cum molendinis et multuris" in the tenendas, together with a reddendo of a feu-duty "pro omni alio onere," was a sufficient liberation from thirlage. In this case it seemed to be the opinion of the bench that a charter from a private person, or even from the church, (which was the case here,) with the abovementioned clause in the tenendas, was a sufficient immunity from thirlage, without the reddendo, pro omni alio onere. If, notwithstanding of this liberation, the suckeners had continued to go to the mill and pay in-town multures, it was doubted how far this interpretation would obtain, and whether or not these words in the tenendas would not be accounted mere words of style.

1743. December 7. Patrick Meik against ———.

[Kilk., No. 4, Fiar-Absolute, &c.]

THE Lords, taking in all the circumstances, and upon the whole complexion of the case, were of opinion that there was here a fraudulent intention to disappoint the succession of the children of the marriage, and therefore set aside the disposition in security.

This carried narrowly by the President's casting vote.

1743. December 8. —— against ——.

The Lords were of opinion that a bill, bearing annualrent and penalty, could not be validated by the party's acknowledgment of his subscription, but by an acknowledgment or proof that there really was a debt owing for which the bill was granted. See Lauder against ————, 19th June 1744.

1744. January 28. Curators of Agnes Murray against Agnes Murray.

[Kilk., No. 7, Tutor and Curator.]

This was an action at the instance of Curators against a Minor, to force her to concur with them in a deed of administration which they thought necessary; and the question was, Whether there was any remedy competent?