ceed to a high censure; but, the messenger having candidly acknowledged the facts upon which the complaint proceeded, and pleaded ignorance of the Act of Sederunt, and sentence against Ross, 4th November 1738, which had never come to his knowledge, they mitigated their sentence, and ordered repetition of the fees exacted, and found the messenger liable in expenses. To prevent the like in time coming, they ordered a copy of the Act of Sederunt 1738 to be transmitted to the Lyon-Court, and to be recorded in their books; which, though ordered at the time, it seems had not been done; and also to every Sheriff. But, in other instances of complaints, upon this Act of Sederunt, where they are groundless, the Lords have dismissed them with expenses. Thus, in a complaint on the Act of Sederunt 1738, William Shaw, bookseller, against James Watson, junior, messenger, the Lords, 27th February 1778, dismissed the complaint, and found the messenger entitled to expenses.

They did the same, 23d June 1778, Alexander Christie, vintner in Dumferm-

line, against said Mr Watson.

1778. July 29. MACDONALD against MACISAAC.

ALEXANDER Macdonald, writer to the signet, having employed MacIsaac, messenger at Campbelltown, to execute a caption against a gentleman in that neighbourhood, the messenger delayed; and, though he owned receipt of the caption, did not own receipt of Mr Macdonald's letters, ordering him to put it into execution. On a summary complaint, at Mr Macdonald's instance, to have him censured and made liable for the debt, the Lords ordered the complaint to be served, and the messenger to answer against November. Lord Covington and Lord Westhall demurred as to the competency of this complaint, but the other Lords thought it competent. There have been several similar instances, particularly of one Graham, a messenger at Lochmaben, and several others. See Summary Application.

The Earl of Home against NASMYTH.

Nasmyth, Creditor to the Earl of Home, sent (August 1774,) a procurator, with a notary, messenger, and , to poind the furniture of Hirsel, for a debt of L.333 due by bond. Captain Elphinston interfered, and prevented a poinding, by giving a draught on his banker at Edinburgh for the money. The procurator insisted for L.36 of expenses, or to poind for the penalty. To prevent this a draught was given for this sum also; out of which the procurator, notary, messenger, and concurrents were paid. A complaint was given in complaining,—1mo, That the account was most exorbitant; 2do, That exacting expenses from the debtor was contrary to Act of Sederunt 1738. It was answered,—That the account was moderate, and was settled without objection. Secundo, The notary, and messenger, and concurrents, exacted nothing. It was