

O/313/19

TRADE MARKS ACT 1994

**IN THE MATTER OF TRADE MARK APPLICATION NO. 3256624 BY
MALTI SHARMA
TO REGISTER:**

Bless International

AND

BlessInternational

AS A SERIES OF TRADE MARKS IN CLASS 24

AND

**IN THE MATTER OF THE OPPOSITION THERETO
UNDER NO. 411153 BY
DIGITIZE SOFTWARE PRIVATE LIMITED**

Background and pleadings

1. Malti Sharma (“the applicant”) applied to register **Bless International** and **BlessInternational** as a series of two trade marks in the United Kingdom on 14 September 2017. They were accepted and published in the Trade Marks Journal on 29 September 2017 in respect of goods in Class 24, which are shown in the Annex to this decision.
2. The application was opposed by Digitize Software Private Limited (“the opponent”). The opposition is based upon section 5(4)(a) of the Trade Marks Act 1994 (“the Act”). The opposition concerns all the applied for goods.
3. The opponent claims that use of the applicant’s mark is liable to be prevented under the law of passing off, owing to its goodwill attached to the sign **BLESS INTERNATIONAL**, which it claims to have used throughout the UK since 7 December 2015, in respect of the following goods:

Afghans; Apparel fabrics; Artificial silk; Baby buntings; Badges made of fabric material; Banners; Banners of textile; Bar cloths; Bath linen; Bath linen, except clothing; Bath mitts; Bath towels; Bean bag covers; Bed blankets; Bed canopies; Bed clothes; Bed coverings; Bed covers; Bed covers of paper; Bed linen; Bed linen and blankets; Bed linen and table linen; Bed pads; Bed quilts; Bed sheets; Bed sheets of paper; Bed sheets of plastic [not being incontinence sheets]; Bed sheets of plastic, not being incontinence sheets; Bed skirts; Bed spreads; Bed throws; Bed valances; Bed warmer covers; Bedroom textile fabrics; Bedsheets; Bedspreads; textile piece goods, Curtains, cushion covers, Pillow covers, Disposable Cloths, Draperies, Duvet covers, Fabrics being textile piece goods for use in manufacture; Fabrics being textile piece goods for use in patchwork; Fabrics being textile piece goods for use in tapestry; Fabrics for interior decorating; Fabrics for making curtains; Fabrics for manufacturing garden furniture; Fabrics for manufacturing sun protectors; Fabrics for manufacturing swimming pool covers; Household textile goods; Household textile piece goods; Household textiles; Individual place mats made of textile; Indoor and outdoor curtains; Hooded towels; Household cloths

for drying dishes; Household cloths for drying glasses; Household linen; Household linen, including face; Lace curtains; Lace fabrics; Lace table mats not made of paper

4. The applicant filed a defence and counterstatement, denying the grounds. It claims that the opponent has been using **Bless World**, rather than **Bless International**, during 2016.
5. The opponent filed evidence in these proceedings. This will be summarised to the extent that it is considered necessary.
6. The applicant filed written submissions on 16 January 2019. These will not be summarised but will be referred to as and where appropriate during this decision.
7. No hearing was requested, and so this decision is taken following a careful perusal of the papers.

Evidence

8. The opponent's evidence comes from Pooja Meena, Director of M/S Digitize Software Pvt. Ltd. It is dated 28 August 2018. It consists of emails from online marketplaces and a series of invoices. It also includes the opponent's VAT certificate and a Trade Mark Registration certificate for UKTM3266250, registered on 28 April 2018. I shall say no more about the evidence here, but will return to it where appropriate in my decision.

Relevant date

9. The onus is on the opponent to satisfy the Tribunal that its unregistered sign would have been protectable by virtue of the law of passing off before the relevant date. The applicant has not claimed or filed any evidence that it has been using its mark before the date of application (14 September 2017), so this is the relevant date for the purposes of these proceedings.

Decision

10. Section 5(4)(a) of the Act states that:

“A trade mark shall not be registered if, or to the extent that, its use in the United Kingdom is liable to be prevented –

(a) by virtue of any rule or law (in particular, the law of passing off) protecting an unregistered trade mark or other sign used in the course of trade, or

(b) [...]

A person thus entitled to prevent the use of a trade mark is referred to in this Act as the proprietor of ‘an earlier right in relation to the trade mark’.

11. It is settled law that for a successful finding of passing off, three factors must be present: goodwill, misrepresentation and damage. Her Honour Judge Melissa Clarke, sitting as deputy Judge of the High Court, conveniently summarised the essential requirements of the law in *Jadebay Limited, Noa and Nani Limited Trading as the Discount Outlet v Clarke-Coles Limited Trading as Feel Good UK* [2017] EWHC 1400 IPEC:

“55. The elements necessary to reach a finding of passing off are the ‘classical trinity’ of that tort as described by Lord Oliver in the Jif Lemon case (*Reckitt & Colman Product v Borden* [1990] 1 WLR 491 HL, [1990] RPC 341, HL) namely goodwill or reputation; misrepresentation leading to deception or a likelihood of deception; and damage resulting from the misrepresentation. The burden is on the Claimants to satisfy me of all these limbs.

56. In relation to deception, the court must assess whether ‘a substantial number’ of the Claimants’ customers or potential customers are deceived, but it is not necessary to show that all or even most of them are deceived (per *Interflora Inc v Marks and Spencer Plc* [2012] EWCA Civ 1501, [2013] FSR 21).”

12. *Halsbury's Laws of England* Vol. 97A (2012 reissue) provides further guidance with regard to establishing the likelihood of deception. In paragraph 309, it is noted (with footnotes omitted) that:

“To establish a likelihood of deception or confusion in an action for passing off where there has been no direct misrepresentation generally requires the presence of two factual elements:

- (1) that a name, mark or other distinctive feature used by the plaintiff has acquired a reputation among a relevant class of persons; and
- (2) that members of that class will mistakenly infer from the defendant's use of a name, mark or other feature which is the same or sufficiently similar that the defendant's goods or business are from the same source or are connected.

While it is helpful to think of these two factual elements as successive hurdles which the plaintiff must surmount, consideration of these two aspects cannot be completely separated from each other, as whether deception or confusion is likely is ultimately a single question of fact.

In arriving at the conclusion of fact as to whether deception or confusion is likely, the court will have regard to:

- (a) the nature and extent of the reputation relied upon;
- (b) the closeness or otherwise of the respective fields of activity in which the plaintiff and the defendant carry on business;
- (c) the similarity of the mark, name etc. used by the defendant to that of the plaintiff;
- (d) the manner in which the defendant makes use of the name, mark etc. complained of and collateral factors; and

(e) the manner in which the particular trade is carried on, the class of persons who it is alleged is likely to be deceived and all other surrounding circumstances.

In assessing whether confusion or deception is likely, the court attaches importance to the question whether the defendant can be shown to have acted with a fraudulent intent, although a fraudulent intent is not a necessary part of the cause of action.”

Goodwill

13. The concept of goodwill was considered by the House of Lords in *Inland Revenue Commissioners v Muller & Co's Margarine Ltd* [1901] AC 217:

“What is goodwill? It is a thing very easy to describe, very difficult to define. It is the benefit and advantages of the good name, reputation and connection of a business. It is the attractive force which brings in custom. It is the one thing which distinguishes an old-established business from a new business at its first start. The goodwill of a business must emanate from a particular centre or source. However widely extended or diffused its influence may be, goodwill is worth nothing unless it has the power of attraction sufficient to bring customers home to the source from which it emanates.”

14. The opponent must provide evidence that it has goodwill associated with the sign. In *South Cone Incorporated v Jack Bessant, Dominic Greensmith, Kenwyn House and Gary Stringer (a partnership)* [2002] RPC 19 (HC), Pumfrey J commented:

“27. There is one major problem in assessing a passing off claim on paper, as will normally happen in the Registry. This is the cogency of the evidence of reputation and its extent. It seems to me that in any case in which this ground of opposition is raised the registrar is entitled to be presented with evidence which at least raises a prima facie case that the opponent's reputation extends to the goods comprised in the applicant's specification of goods. The requirements of the objection itself are

considerably more stringent than the enquiry under s.11 of the 1938 Act (see *Smith Hayden & Co Ltd's Application (OVAX)* (1946) 63 RPC 97 as qualified by *BALI Trade Mark* [1969] RPC 472). Thus the evidence will include evidence from the trade as to reputation; evidence as to the manner in which the goods are traded or the services supplied; and so on.

28. Evidence of reputation comes primarily from the trade and the public, and will be supported by evidence of the extent of use. To be useful, the evidence must be directed to the relevant date. Once raised, the applicant must rebut the prima facie case. Obviously, he does not need to show that passing off will not occur, but he must produce sufficient cogent evidence to satisfy the hearing officer that it is not shown on the balance of probabilities that passing off will occur.”

15. However, in *Miramax GmbH & Co KG v Chubb Fire Limited* [2008] EWHC 1960 (Pat), Floyd J (as he then was) said:

“[The above] observations are obviously intended as helpful guidelines as to the way in which a person relying on section 5(4)(a) can raise a case to be answered of passing off. I do not understand Pumfrey J to be laying down any absolute requirements as to the nature of evidence which needs to be filed in every case. The essential is that the evidence should show, at least prima facie, that the opponent’s reputation extends to the goods comprised in the application in the applicant’s specification of goods. It must also do so as of the relevant date, which is, at least in the first instance, the date of application.”

16. The opponent has given no indication of overall sales figures within the UK, and some of the invoices relate to orders from France, Australia and the US. These are not relevant for the present purposes. The table below provides details of the orders from the UK and the Isle of Man before the relevant date:

Date	Location	Description of Order	Price
02/11/2015	Dorset	"Ethnic Black Tapestry Astrology Print Wall Décor Table Runner Bed Cover Twin ..."	£6.40 ¹
05/11/2015	Isle of Man	"Hippie Elephant Mandala Tapestry, India Tapestry Wall Hanging, Twin Size Bedspread Bedding, Boho Dorm Décor"	£11.88 ²
26/02/2016	Derbyshire	"Bless Women's German Silver Dangle & Drop Earrings Black"	£4.20 ³
20/04/2016	Dunfermline	"Indian Cotton Tapestry Wall Hanging Sun And Moon Dorm Room Full Size Bed 92" ..."	£6.95 ⁴
07/09/2016	West Midlands	"Psychedelic Tapestry hippie tapestry mandala tapestry wall hanging wall décor..."	£6.94 ⁵
31/10/2016	Surrey	"Hippie Tapestry Hippy Mandala Bohemian Tapestries Indian Dorm Décor Psychedelic Tapestry Wall Hanging Ethnic Craft"	£6.87 ⁶
29/12/2016	East Sussex	"Bless Women's Tibetan Silver Dangle & Drop Pair of 6 Earrings Multiple"	£6.20 ⁷
01/01/2017	Hull	"Hippie Tapestry Hippy Mandala Bohemian Tapestries Indian Dorm Décor Psychedelic Tapestry Wall Hanging"	£9.96 ⁸
20/02/2017	Swansea	"Elephant-hippie Wall-hanging Home-décor Twin-size-large Mandala-tapestry"	£8.99 ⁹

¹ Page 16.

² Page 18.

³ Page 24.

⁴ Page 22.

⁵ Page 19.

⁶ Page 25.

⁷ Page 27.

⁸ Page 15.

⁹ Page 23.

Date	Location	Description of Order	Price
18/07/2017	Nottinghamshire	“Indian-hippie Bohemian-psychedelic Ombre-mandala Wall-hanging tapestry-purple-pink Twin-size-large	£7.99 ¹⁰

17. The orders dated 26 February 2016 and 29 December 2016 are for earrings, and the opponent has not claimed to have used the sign in relation to such goods. Two of the invoices have a date earlier than the date of first use claimed by the opponent. The remaining goods appear to be tapestry wall hangings. It seems to me that these would fit the description of *household textiles*, for which the opponent states that it has used the sign. The sales for those goods amount to £47.70 for a period of 21 months. Even if the two earlier invoices were included, sales would only amount to £65.98 over 22 months.
18. It is established case-law that even small amounts of goodwill may be protectable. However, each case must turn on the particular facts that are brought to the attention of the decision-maker. The opponent has provided me no evidence of how the sign is used to denote the origin of the goods in question and it seems to me that it would not have been difficult to submit print-outs from some of the digital marketplaces to show how these goods were presented to the potential customer. All I have are the packing notices from six sales to customers in the UK over a period of 21 months, for a total amount of £47.70. The name “BLESS INTERNATIONAL” or “BLESS” is used here to denote the seller of the goods, but – except in the case of the earrings – not the goods themselves. It is not uncommon for retailers to sell other undertakings’ branded products.
19. Even if I were able to find that the sign had been used in relation to the goods, rather than the retail service, it seems to me that the sales figures are insufficient for me to find that there is protectable goodwill. It is well established that even small amounts of goodwill may be protectable. However, I recall the comments of Jacob J (as he then was) in *Hart v Relentless Records* [2002] EWHC 1984 (Ch):

¹⁰ Page 21.

“In my view the law of passing off does not protect a goodwill of trivial extent. Before trade mark registration was introduced in 1875 there was a right of property created merely by putting a mark into use for a short while. It was an unregistered trade mark right. But the action for its infringement is now barred by s.2(2) of the Trade Marks Act 1994. The provision goes back to the very first registration Act of 1875, s.1. Prior to then you had a property right on which you could sue, once you had put the mark into use. Even then a little time was needed, see per Upjohn LJ in *BALI Trade Mark* [1969] RPC 472. The whole point of that case turned on the difference between what was needed to establish a common law trade mark and passing off claim. If a trivial goodwill is enough for the latter, then the difference between the two is vanishingly small. That cannot be the case. It is also noteworthy that before the relevant date of registration of the BALI mark (1938) the BALI mark had been used ‘but had not acquired any significant reputation’ (the trial judge’s finding). Again that shows one is looking for more than a minimal reputation.”¹¹

20. I find that the opponent has not demonstrated that it has a protectable goodwill associated with the sign in relation to the goods upon which it seeks to rely. The section 5(4)(a) ground therefore fails.

Conclusion

21. The opposition has failed. The application by Malti Sharma may, subject to any successful appeal, proceed to registration.

Costs

22. The applicant has been successful. In the circumstances, I award the applicant the sum of £1000 as a contribution towards the costs of preparing a statement and considering the other side’s statement.

¹¹ Paragraph 62.

Preparing a statement and considering the other side's statement: £200

Consideration of the other side's evidence: £500

Preparation of written submissions: £300

Total: £1000

23. I therefore order Digitize Software Private Limited to pay Malti Sharma the sum of £1000. The above sum should be paid within fourteen days of the expiry of the appeal period or within fourteen days of the final determination of this case if any appeal against this decision is unsuccessful.

Dated 3 June 2019

Clare Boucher

For the Registrar,

Comptroller-General

Annex: Class 24 Goods in Applicant's Specification

Adhesive fabric; Adhesive fabric for application by heat; Adhesive fabrics for application by heat; Adhesive labels (Textile -); Adhesive materials in the form of stickers [textile]; Aeronautical balloons (Fabric impervious to gases for -); Afghans; Afghans [knitted covers]; Apparel fabrics; Artificial silk; Baby buntings; Badges made of fabric material; Bags for sleeping bags [specifically adapted]; Ballistic resistant fabrics; Balloons (Fabric impervious to gases for aeronautical -); Banners; Banners of textile; Banners of textile or plastic; Banners textile; Bar cloths; Bath linen; Bath linen, except clothing; Bath mitts; Bath sheets; Bath sheets (towels); Bath towels; Bathroom towels; Beach towels; Bean bag covers; Bed blankets; Bed blankets made of cotton; Bed blankets made of man-made fibres; Bed canopies; Bed clothes; Bed clothes and blankets; Bed coverings; Bed covers; Bed covers of paper; Bed linen; Bed linen and blankets; Bed linen and table linen; Bed linen made of non-woven textile material; Bed linen of paper; Bed pads; Bed quilts; Bed sheets; Bed sheets of paper; Bed sheets of plastic [not being incontinence sheets]; Bed sheets of plastic, not being incontinence sheets; Bed skirts; Bed spreads; Bed throws; Bed valances; Bed warmer covers; Bedroom textile fabrics; Bedsheets; Bedspreads; Billiard cloth; Billiard cloth [baize]; Billiard table baize; Blackout curtains; Blanket throws; Blankets (Bed -); Blankets for household pets; Blankets for outdoor use; Bolting cloth; Borders (textile wall hangings); Breathable piece goods made of textile materials bonded with plastics; Breathable piece goods made of textile materials bonded with rubber; Breathable waterproof fabrics; Broad woven industrial fabrics; Brocade; Brocade flags; Brocades; Buckram; Bunting; Bunting flags; Bunting of textile or plastic; Calico; Calico cloth (Printed -); Canopies (bed linen); Canopies [covers for beds]; Canopy covers; Canvas; Canvas for embroidery; Canvas for tapestry; Canvas for tapestry or embroidery; Chair backs [textile articles]; Chair covers; Cheese cloth; Chemical fiber base mixed fabrics; Chemical fiber fabrics; Chemical fibre loop knit fabrics; Chemical fibre mixed fabrics; Chenille fabric; Chenille fabric; Cheviot fabric; Cheviots [cloth]; Children's blankets; Children's towels; Cloth; Cloth banners; Cloth bunting; Cloth coasters; Cloth doilies; Cloth flags; Cloth for tatami mat edging ribbons; Cloth handkerchiefs; Cloth labels; Cloth napkins; Cloth napkins for removing makeup; Cloth napkins for removing make-up; Cloth pennants; Cloth with a raised nap; Cloths; Cloths for removing make-up; Cloths for washing the body [other than for medical use]; Cloths of non-woven textile material for washing the body [other than for medical use]; Cloths of woven textile material for washing the body [other than for medical use]; Coasters of textile; Coasters [table linen]; Coated fabrics; Coated fabrics for use in the manufacture of leather goods; Coated fabrics for use in the manufacture of luggage; Coated fabrics for use in the manufacture of rainwear; Coated textiles; Coated woven textile materials; Coating fabric; Comforters; Comforters (bedding); Comforters [covers]; Comforters for beds; Composite textile materials; Contour sheets; Contoured mattress covers; Corduroy fabrics; Cot blankets; Cot bumpers [bed linen]; Cot covers; Cot sheets; Cotton base mixed fabrics; Cotton cloths; Cotton fabric; Cotton fabrics; Cotton knitted fabric; Counterpanes; Covered rubber yarn fabrics [for textile use]; Coverings for furniture; Coverings for windows; Coverings (Furniture -) of textile; Coverings (Loose -) for furniture; Coverings of plastic for furniture; Coverings of plastics for furniture; Coverings of textile and of plastic for furniture (not fitted); Coverings of textile and of plastic for furniture (unfitted); Coverlets;

Coverlets [bedspreads]; Covers (fitted toilet lid -)[fabric]; Covers (Fitted toilet lid -) of fabric; Covers for cushions; Covers for duvets; Covers for eiderdown and duvets; Covers for mattresses; Covers for pillows; Covers for toilet lids of fabric; Covers [loose] for furniture; Covers of textile for toilet seats; Covers of textile for water closets; Crepe cloth; Crepe [fabric]; Crepe fabrics; Crepon; Crib bumpers [bed linen]; Crib canopies; Crib sheets; Curtain fabric; Curtain fabrics; Curtain holders of cloth; Curtain holders of textile material; Curtain holders of textile materials; Curtain holders or tiebacks of textile; Curtain holders (Textile -);Curtain linings; Curtain loops made of textile materials; Curtain loops of textile material; Curtain material; Curtain tie-backs of textile; Curtain valences; Curtaining material being textile piece goods; Curtaining materials; Curtains; Curtains and lace curtains of textiles or plastic; Curtains for showers; Curtains for windows; Curtains made from textile materials; Curtains made of plastics; Curtains made of plastics for use in shower baths; Curtains made of textile fabrics; Curtains made of textile materials; Curtains [made up or in the piece]; Curtains of plastic; Curtains of textile; Curtains of textile material; Curtains of textile or plastic; Curtains of textiles or plastic; Cushion covering materials; Cushion covers; Cushions (Covers for -); Damask; Denim [cloth]; Denim fabric; Diaper changing cloths for babies; Diapered linen; Dimity; Dinner mats of textiles; Dish cloths; Dish cloths of textile for drying; Dish towels for drying; Disposable bedding of paper; Disposable bedding of textile; Disposable cloths; Disposable tablecloths of textile; Disposable wash cloths; Doilies of textile; Door curtains; Down quilts; Draperies; Draperies [thick drop curtains]; Drapery; Drapes; Drapes in the nature of curtains; Drapes in the nature of curtains made of textile materials; Drink coasters of table linen; Drugget; Dryer fabrics all for use in the paper making industry; Dryer felts all for use in the paper making industry; Dust covers; Dust ruffles; Dust sheets; Duvet covers; Duvets; Duvets filled with goose down; Duvets filled with goose feathers; Eiderdown covers; Eiderdowns; Eiderdowns [down coverlets]; Eiderdowns [quilts]; Elastic fabrics for clothing; Elastic woven material; Elastic woven materials; Elastic yarn mixed fabrics; Elasticated woven textile materials; Embroidery fabric; Embroidery (Traced cloth for -); Esparto fabric; Fabric; Fabric bed valances; Fabric cascades; Fabric coated with rubber or plastics; Fabric curtains; Fabric flags; Fabric for footwear; Fabric for manufacturing men's outerwear; Fabric for manufacturing women's outerwear; Fabric for use in the manufacture of bags; Fabric for use in the manufacture of cases; Fabric for use in the manufacture of clothing; Fabric for use in the manufacture of purses; Fabric for use in the manufacture of umbrellas; Fabric for use in the manufacture of wallets; Fabric, impervious to gases, for aeronautical balloons; Fabric linings for clothing; Fabric linings for headgear; Fabric of imitation animal skin; Fabric of imitation animal skins; Fabric on the roll; Fabric place mats; Fabric table runners; Fabric table toppers; Fabric used for orthotic devices; Fabric valances; Fabric valences; Fabrics; Fabrics being textile goods in roll form; Fabrics being textile piece goods; Fabrics being textile piece goods for use in embroidery; Fabrics being textile piece goods for use in manufacture; Fabrics being textile piece goods for use in patchwork; Fabrics being textile piece goods for use in tapestry; Fabrics being textile piece goods made of mixtures of fibres; Fabrics covered with motifs to be embroidered; Fabrics for industrial use; Fabrics for interior decorating; Fabrics for making curtains; Fabrics for manufacturing garden furniture; Fabrics for manufacturing sun protectors; Fabrics for manufacturing swimming pool covers; Fabrics for manufacturing tarpaulins; Fabrics for manufacturing tents; Fabrics for sale in kit form for making toy monsters; Fabrics for shirts; Fabrics for textile use;

Fabrics for the manufacture of furnishings; Fabrics for use as linings in clothing; Fabrics for use in covering armchairs; Fabrics for use in making diapers; Fabrics for use in making incontinence pads; Fabrics for use in making jerseys; Fabrics for use in the manufacture of exterior coverings for chairs; Fabrics made from acrylic, other than for insulation; Fabrics made from artificial fibres [for insulation]; Fabrics made from artificial fibres [other than for insulation]; Fabrics made from ceramic fibres, other than for insulation; Fabrics made from cotton, other than for insulation; Fabrics made from linen, other than for insulation; Fabrics made from natural fibres, other than for insulation; Fabrics made from nylon, other than for insulation; Fabrics made from polyester, other than for insulation; Fabrics made from silk, other than for insulation; Fabrics made from synthetic fibres [other than insulation]; Fabrics made from synthetic threads; Fabrics made from synthetic yarns; Fabrics made from wool, other than for insulation; Fabrics made of mixed synthetic and natural fibres, other than for insulation; Fabrics of carbon fibre, other than for insulation; Fabrics of chemically produced fibres, other than for insulation; Fabrics of inorganic fibres, other than for insulation; Fabrics of man-made fibres being textile goods in piece form; Fabrics of organic fibres, other than for insulation; Fabrics [piece goods]; Fabrics [textile piece goods] made of carbon fibre; Fabrics woven from ceramic fibres, other than for insulation; Face cloths; Face cloths of textile; Face cloths of towelling; Face flannels in the form of gloves; Face flannels of textile; Face towels; Face towels [made of textile materials]; Face towels of textile; Face towels of textiles; Felt; Felt cloth; Felt for use by papermakers; Felt pennants; Felt piece goods; Felts; Fiberglass fabric for textile use; Fiberglass fabrics for textile use; Fiberglass fabrics, for textile use; Fibre fabrics for the manufacture of the exterior coverings of furniture; Fibre fabrics for use in the manufacture of articles of clothing; Fibre fabrics for use in the manufacture of linings of bags; Fibre fabrics for use in the manufacture of linings of shoes; Fibreglass fabrics for textile use; Filter fibers [textile]; Filtering cloth; Filtering materials of textile; Filters made of textile materials; Fireproof upholstery fabrics; Fire-retardant textile shower curtains; Fitted toilet covers [fabric]; Fitted toilet lid covers [made of fabric or fabric substitutes]; Fitted toilet lid covers of fabric; Fitted toilet seat covers of textile; Flags and pennants of textile; Flags, not of paper; Flags of textile; Flags of textile or plastic; Flame resistant fabrics; Flame retardant fabrics [other than asbestos]; Flannel; Flannel [fabric]; Flannel (Sanitary -); Flax cloth; Flax fabrics; Fleece made from copolymers; Fleece made from polyester; Fleece made from polypropylene; Flocked fabrics; Fly netting of plastic; Foils of plastics for the manufacture of disposable capes; Foils of plastics for the manufacture of disposable clothes; Foils of plastics for the manufacture of disposable linen; Footwear (Fabric for -); Forming fabrics all for use in the paper making industry; Forming felts all for use in the paper making industry; Foulard [fabric]; Frieze; Frieze [cloth]; Friezes of textile; Friezes [textile wall hangings]; Furnishing and upholstery fabrics; Furnishing fabrics; Furnishing fabrics being textile piece goods; Furnishing fabrics in the piece; Furniture coverings made of plastic materials; Furniture coverings of plastic; Furniture coverings of textile; Furniture coverings (unfitted); Furniture (Loose covers for -); Fustian; Futon quilts; Gauze [cloth]; Gauze fabric; Gift wrap of fabric; Glass cloths [towels]; Glass-cloth [towels]; Golf towels; Grid-type fabrics; Gummed cloth, other than for stationery; Gummed cloth, other than for stationery purposes; Gummed waterproof cloth; Haircloth [sackcloth]; Hand spun silk fabrics; Hand towels; Hand towels of textile; Handcrafted textile wall hangings; Handkerchiefs of textile; Handkerchiefs of textiles; Hand-towels made of textile fabrics; Hat linings, of

textile, in the piece; Heat formable non-woven textile materials; Heat resistant fabrics [other than for insulation]; Heat-activated adhesive fabrics; Hemp base mixed fabrics; Hemp cloth; Hemp fabric; Hemp yarn fabrics; Hemp-cotton mixed fabrics; Hemp-silk mixed fabrics; Hemp-wool mixed fabrics; Hessian; Honeycomb materials [textiles]; Hooded towels; Household cloths for drying dishes; Household cloths for drying glasses; Household linen; Household linen, including face towels; Household linens; Household textile articles; Household textile articles made from non-woven materials; Household textile goods; Household textile piece goods; Household textiles; Individual place mats made of textile; Indoor and outdoor curtains; Industrial fabrics; Infants' bed linen; Inlay materials of non-woven fabrics; Inorganic fiber mixed fabrics; Inorganic fibre mixed fabrics; Insect protection nets; Insecticide-treated mosquito nets; Interfacings; Interior decoration fabrics; Interlining; Interlining materials; Interlinings made of non-woven fabrics; Iron-on cloth labels; Japanese ceremonial wrapping cloth (Fukusa); Japanese cotton towels (tenugui); Japanese general wrapping cloth (Furoshiki); Jersey [fabric]; Jersey fabrics for clothing; Jersey material [fabric]; Jute cloth; Jute fabric; Jute fabrics; Kashmir fabric; Kit comprised of fabrics for making quilts; Kitchen and table linens; Kitchen linen; Kitchen towels; Kitchen towels [textile]; Knit lace fabrics; Knitted elastic fabrics for bodices; Knitted elastic fabrics for gymnastic dresses; Knitted elastic fabrics for ladies underwear; Knitted elastic fabrics for sportswear; Knitted fabric; Knitted fabrics; Knitted fabrics of chemical-fiber yarn; Knitted fabrics of cotton yarn; Knitted fabrics of silk yarn; Knitted fabrics of wool yarn; Labels [cloth]; Labels made of textile materials; Labels of cloth; Labels of textile; Labels of textile for bar codes; Labels of textile for identifying clothing; Labels (textile); Labels (Textile -) for identifying clothing; Labels (Textile -) for identifying linen; Labels (Textile -) for marking clothing; Labels (Textile -) for marking linen; Lace curtains; Lace fabrics; Lace table mats not made of paper; Laminated fabrics; Laminated textile piece goods having insulating properties; Lap blankets; Lap rugs; Lap-robos; Large bath towels; Linen; Linen (Bed -); Linen cloth; Linen (Diapered -); Linen [fabric]; Linen for household purposes; Linen for the bed; Linen (Household -); Linen lining fabric for shoes; Linens; Lingerie fabric; Lingerie fabrics; Lining fabric for footwear; Lining fabric for shoes; Lining fabrics; Lining fabrics for shoes; Lining fabrics of textile in the piece; Linings (Hat -), of textile, in the piece; Linings [textile]; Loden cloth; Loop knit fabrics; Loose coverings for furniture; Loose covers for furniture; Loose covers for garden furniture; Loose covers made of textile materials for furniture; Loose furniture coverings; Make-up (Napkins for removing -) [cloth]; Make-up pads of textile; Make-up pads of textile for removing make-up; Make-up removal cloths [textile], other than impregnated with cosmetics; Make-up removal cloths [textile], other than impregnated with toilet preparations; Make-up removal towels [textile] other than impregnated with cosmetics; Make-up removal towels [textile] other than impregnated with toilet preparations; Make-up removal wipes [textile] other than impregnated with cosmetics; Make-up removal wipes [textile] other than impregnated with toilet preparations; Marabouts [cloth]; Markers [labels] of cloth for textile fabrics; Material (Textile -); Materials for making into clothing; Materials for soft furnishings; Materials for upholstery; Materials for use in filtration [textile]; Materials for use in making clothes; Materials (Textile -) for use in the manufacture of footwear; Materials (Textile -) for use in the manufacture of insoles; Materials (Textile -) for use in the manufacture of linings for footwear; Materials (Textile -) for use in the manufacture of soles; Mats [coasters] of textile; Mats (Drip -) of textile for glasses; Mats of linen; Mats (Place -), not of paper; Mattress covers; Mattress slips [other

than incontinence]; Mesh-woven fabrics; Metal fiber fabrics; Mitts for washing the body; Mitts made of non-woven fabric for washing the body; Mitts (Washing -); Mixed fiber fabrics; Mole skin; Moleskin [fabric]; Moquettes [curtains]; Moquettes [fabric]; Mosquito nets; Multiple-ply antistatic fabrics; Mural hangings [textile]; Muslin; Muslin fabric; Nap raised cloth; Napery of textile; Napery [textile]; Napkin liners of textile; Napkins of textile (Table -); Narrow woven fabrics; Net curtains; Nets (Mosquito -); Nightdress cases of textile; Non-woven cloth; Non-woven fabric; Non-woven fabrics; Non-woven fabrics for use with linings; Non-woven fabrics for use with paddings; Non-woven fabrics in the form of blanks for use in manufacture; Non-woven fabrics in the form of rolls for use in manufacture; Non-woven fabrics in the form of sheeting for use in manufacture; Non-woven fabrics in the form of sheets for use in manufacture; Non-woven fabrics made substantially of paper; Non-woven fabrics of natural fibres; Non-woven fabrics of synthetic fibres; Non-woven felts; Non-woven piece goods; Non-woven reinforcing fabrics; Non-woven textile articles; Non-woven textile fabrics; Non-woven textile fabrics for use as interlinings; Non-woven textile piece goods; Non-woven textiles; Nylon fabric; Nylon flags; Oil cloths; Oilcloth; Oilcloth for use as tablecloths; Padded coverings [hangings of textile] for existing walls; Paper pillowcases; Paper yarn fabrics for textile use; Patterned textiles for use in embroidery; Pelmets; Pennants [flags], other than of paper; Pennants of textile; Piece goods made of non-woven plastic material; Piece goods made of textile materials bonded with plastics; Piece goods made of textile materials bonded with rubbers; Piece goods made of woven plastic material; Piece goods (Textile -); Piled fabrics; Pillow cases; Pillow covers; Pillow shams; Pillow slips; Pillowcases; Pillowcases [pillow slips]; Pillowcovers; Place mats, not of paper; Place mats of textile; Place mats of textile material; Plastic banners; Plastic bunting; Plastic flags; Plastic material [substitute for fabrics]; Plastic material substitutes for fabric; Plastic material [substitutes for fabrics]; Plastic pennants; Plastic reinforced fabrics; Plastic substitutes for fabrics; Plastic table cloths; Plastic woven textile materials for use in agriculture; Pleated curtains; Pleated shades; Pocket handkerchiefs of textile; Polyester fabric; Polyester textiles; Polymer coated fabrics; Polypropylene spunbonded non-woven textile fabrics; Prayer cloth; Precut fabrics for needlecraft; Press fabrics all for use in the paper making industry; Press felt; Press felts all for use in the paper making industry; Printed calico cloth; Printed fabrics; Printed textile labels; Printed textile piece goods; Printers' blankets of textile; Printing blankets of textile material; Protective coverings for furniture [loose]; Protective covers [dust sheets] for use in decorating; Protective covers for furniture [loose]; Protective loose covers for mattresses and furniture; Quilt bedding mats; Quilt covers; Quilted blankets [bedding]; Quilts; Quilts filled with down; Quilts filled with feathers; Quilts filled with half down; Quilts filled with stuffing materials; Quilts filled with synthetic stuffing materials; Quilts of textile; Quilts of towel; Rags for paper making; Ramie fabric; Ramie fabrics; Rayon fabric; Ready made curtains; Ready made curtains of plastics; Ready made curtains of textiles; Receiving blankets; Regenerated fiber yarn fabrics; Reinforced fabrics [textile]; Removable covers of textile for electronic apparatus [not fitted or shaped]; Replacement seat covers [loose] for furniture; Resin impregnated textile fabrics; Roll felt; Rubber covered yarn fabrics; Rubberised cloth; Rubberised fabrics; Rubberized cloth; Rubberized cloths; Rubberized textile fabrics; Runners (Table -); Runners [textile] for table tops; Sackcloth; Sail cloth; Sanitary flannel; Screen printing fabrics for the glass industry; Seat covers [loose] for furniture; Self-adhesive cloth labels; Semi-synthetic fiber fabrics; Serviettes of textile; Shams; Shams (Pillow -);

Sheets of sailcloth for screening; Sheets [textile]; Shirt fabrics; Shirtings; Shower curtains; Shower curtains made of plastic material; Shower curtains of textile or plastic; Shower room curtains; Shrouds; Silk base mixed fabrics; Silk bed blankets; Silk blankets; Silk cloth; Silk [cloth]; Silk fabric for printing patterns; Silk fabrics; Silk fabrics for furniture; Silk fabrics for printing patterns; Silk-cotton mixed fabrics; Silk-wool mixed fabrics; Sleeping bag liners; Sleeping bag sheet liners; Sleeping bags; Sleeping bags for babies; Sleeping bags [sheeting]; Small curtains made of textile materials; Sofa blankets; Sofa covers; Soft furnishings; Soft pelmets; Sponge cloths for textile use; Sponge cloths [textile piece goods]; Spun silk fabrics; Streamers of textile; Stretch canvas for embroidery; Suit lengths; Suiting materials [textile]; Swags [curtains]; Swags [window treatments]; Synthetic fiber fabric; Synthetic fiber fabrics; Synthetic textile piece goods; Table cloth of textile; Table cloths; Table cloths made of textile; Table cloths not of paper; Table cloths, not of paper; Table cloths of textile; Table coverings [not of paper]; Table covers; Table covers [not of paper]; Table covers of damask; Table covers of non-woven textile fabrics; Table covers of plastic; Table linen; Table linen, not of paper; Table linen of textile; Table mats made of textile materials; Table mats, not of paper; Table mats (not of paper); Table napkins of textile; Table place setting mats of textile; Table runners; Table runners not of paper; Table runners of plastic; Table runners of textile; Tablecloths, not of paper; Tablecloths of textile; Tablecloths of textiles; Tablemats, not of paper; Tablemats of textile; Taffeta; Taffeta [cloth]; Tags of textile for attachment to clothing; Tags of textile for attachment to linen; Tapestries of textile; Tapestries [wall hangings], of textile; Tapestry [wall hangings], of textile; Tartan bolting cloth; Tartan piece goods; Tartan travelling rugs; Tea cloths; Tea towels; Tensioning fabrics for upholstery; Tensioning webbing for upholstery; Terry; Terry linen; Terry towels; Textile coasters; Textile covers for duvets; Textile covers [loose] for furniture; Textile curtain pelmets; Textile fabric; Textile fabric of animal skins imitations; Textile fabric piece goods for the manufacture of upholstered furniture; Textile fabric piece goods for use in the manufacture of clothing; Textile fabrics; Textile fabrics for lingerie; Textile fabrics for making into blankets; Textile fabrics for making into clothing; Textile fabrics for making into linens; Textile fabrics for making up into household textile articles; Textile fabrics for the manufacture of clothing; Textile fabrics for use in manufacture; Textile fabrics for use in the manufacture of bedding; Textile fabrics for use in the manufacture of beds; Textile fabrics for use in the manufacture of curtains; Textile fabrics for use in the manufacture of furniture; Textile fabrics for use in the manufacture of pillowcases; Textile fabrics for use in the manufacture of sheets; Textile fabrics for use in the manufacture of sportswear; Textile fabrics for use in the manufacture of towels; Textile fabrics for use in the manufacture of wall coverings; Textile fabrics in the piece; Textile face towels; Textile filter materials; Textile flags used for place settings; Textile goods, and substitutes for textile goods; Textile goods for making headshaws and yashmaghs; Textile goods for use as bedding; Textile handkerchiefs; Textile handkerchieves; Textile labels; Textile linings in the piece; Textile material; Textile materials for use as window coverings; Textile materials for use in the manufacture of blinds; Textile materials to be used in making blinds; Textile napkins; Textile napkins for removing makeup; Textile napkins [table linen]; Textile piece goods; Textile piece goods for clothing; Textile piece goods for furnishing purposes; Textile piece goods for making bedding covers; Textile piece goods for making curtains; Textile piece goods for making cushion covers; Textile piece goods for making into clothing; Textile piece goods for making-up into clothing; Textile piece goods for

making-up into towels; Textile piece goods for use in the manufacture of boots; Textile piece goods for use in the manufacture of industrial filters; Textile piece goods for use in the manufacture of protective clothing; Textile piece goods for use in the manufacture of shoes; Textile piece goods made of cotton; Textile piece goods made of plastics materials; Textile piece goods (Polyurethane coated -) for making waterproof clothing; Textile place mats; Textile printers' blankets; Textile serviettes; Textile sheets; Textile smallwares [table linen]; Textile substitute materials made from synthetic materials; Textile tablecloths; Textile tissues; Textile used as lining for clothing; Textiles and substitutes for textiles; Textiles for furnishings; Textiles for interior decorating; Textiles for making up into articles of clothing; Textiles for upholstery; Textiles for use in the manufacture of ships sails; Textiles impervious to water but permeable to moisture; Textiles in the form of window furnishings; Textiles made of cotton; Textiles made of flannel; Textiles made of linen; Textiles made of satin; Textiles made of synthetic materials; Textiles made of velvet; Textiles made of wool; Textiles treated with a fire resistant finish; Textiles treated with a flame resistant finish; Throws; Throws (furniture coverings); Tick [linen]; Ticks (mattress and pillow coverings); Ticks [mattress covers]; Tissues being textile piece goods; Toilet seat covers; Toilet seat covers of textile; Towel sheet; Towelling coverlets; Towelling material; Towelling [textile]; Towelling [textile] adapted for use in dispensers; Towels; Towels made of textile materials; Towels of textile; Towels [of textile]; Towels of textile featuring American football team logos; Towels of textile sold in pack form; Towels of textiles; Towels [textile]; Towels [textile] for kitchen use; Towels [textile] for the beach; Towels [textile] for use in connection with babies; Towels [textile] for use in connection with toddlers; Traced cloth for embroidery; Traced cloths for embroidery; Travelling blankets; Travelling rugs; Travelling rugs [lap robes]; Trellis [cloth]; Tricot quilts; True hemp fabrics; Tulle; Tulle for dressmaking; Tulle for hatmaking; Turkish towel; Turkish towels; Underblankets; Unfitted fabric furniture covers; Unfitted fabric slipcovers for furniture; Upholstery fabrics; Upholstery materials; Valance sheets; Valanced bed covers; Valanced bed sheets; Valances; Valances for beds; Valances [textile draperies]; Valance linen; Vapour permeable fabrics; Vapour permeable plastic textile; Velours for furniture; Velvet; Vinyl cloth; Vinyl curtains; Viscose textiles; Wall decorations of textile; Wall fabrics; Wall hangings; Wall hangings of silk; Wall hangings of textile; Wall plaques of textile; Wash cloths; Wash gloves; Washcloths; Washing gloves; Washing mitts for toilet use; Waste cotton fabrics; Water breathable fabrics; Water resistant fabrics; Water vapour permeable textiles; Waterproof cloths; Waterproof fabric; Waterproof fabrics; Waterproof fabrics for use in the manufacture of gloves; Waterproof fabrics for use in the manufacture of hats; Waterproof fabrics for use in the manufacture of jackets; Waterproof fabrics for use in the manufacture of trousers; Waterproof textile fabrics; Waterproofed textile piece goods; Window covering products made of textile material; Window curtains; Window furnishing fabrics; Wool base mixed fabrics; Wool loop knit fabrics; Wool yarn fabrics; Wool-cotton mixed fabrics; Woollen blankets; Woollen cloth; Woollen fabric; Woollen blankets; Woollen cloth; Woollen fabric; Woollen fabrics; Woollen fabrics for use in the manufacture of coats; Woollen fabrics for use in the manufacture of jackets; Woollen fabrics for use in the manufacture of suits; Woollen fabrics for use in the manufacture of trousers; Worsted fabrics; Woven cloth with breathable polyurethane coating; Woven cloth with breathable polyurethane coating for water proof garments; Woven cloth with breathable polyurethane coating sold in the piece; Woven fabrics; Woven fabrics for armchairs; Woven fabrics for cushions;

Woven fabrics for furniture; Woven fabrics for making up into articles of clothing; Woven fabrics for sofas; Woven fabrics for use in the manufacture of clothing for use in clean rooms; Woven fabrics imitating animal skin; Woven fabrics imitating leather; Woven felt; Woven furnishing fabrics; Woven labels; Woven linen fabrics; Woven silk fabrics; Woven textiles having protective properties against electromagnetic rays; Zephyr [cloth]; Zephyr fabric.