

36 of 1944

Sir M Nair

42, 1948

Section 12 of the Immigration ordinance
punishes ^{by subsection 3} a person who contravenes that
ordinance or abets the contravention by
inflicting a fine or imprisonment of 8 yrs.

That section does not contemplate a
class of persons here after called persons
deemed to abet the commission of offence.
Such persons are brought in by amendment
of section 12 cl. 3 - by Section 107 of ordinance 745

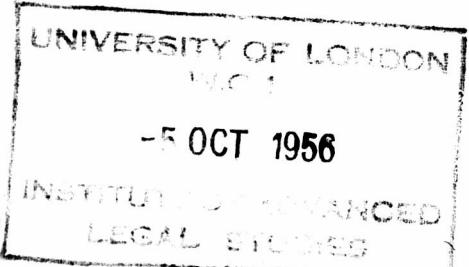
Subsection 3. cl 1.(G) D defines a person
who is deemed to abet
an illegal immigrant
if a person is found in a vessel
on the territorial waters whether the
vessel comes in there lawfully or not.
Such persons are Master, owner, agent of vessel
They may be punished under

Subsec 3 (G) cl II - 8 yrs.
or the vessel may be fined
under Subsec 3 cl III. Vessel

and confined under (C) by
the court.

in circumstances in which they may be punished
for ^{a person deemed to} ~~conduct abetting~~.

Appeal against the "Gulfian"
Validity & Construction of the International
Convention of 1928 awarded by the Palestine
Arbitration Board 1945 -



The facts

Romania - H

app. 24. Ap. 1946

Served on the master of Hartland

Question I depend upon a presumption
from Exhibit

The Admiralty Page. Chapt. 7. last

Maxwell. p152. 9th Edition

The vessel was bound on the High Seas
from territory in International law

Impairing or destroying or wrecking the property

1. intended to have regard to the Receptacle

2 Alternatively from the evidence itself
estimated ?? can be all found
on the High Seas
prior to capture or damage to Receptacle
International law

It will be uncomfo b. It
to arrest or seize ~~a vessel~~
~~a foreign~~ vessel & have it forfeited
This is the argument

Ordinance is subject to the
a. Mandate

- b. ordinance proposed to be passed,
to the extent that it is in conformity
therewith that is tested in the Supreme
Court.

No 3 (Age 3 of Wilson)

Section 17 (c) ordinance is laid
= under sec 17 (c)

The commissioners and both the
all commissioners & Delays and Mandate
Shall be held guilty
on the following double condition

Pg 4. The ordinance to have been issued
by the defense regulation made by the
~~any~~ ^{the} same in trial

See 6 See ⁶ 117

Indis 6

Limestone ordinary

locally open to fract - Then don't make
See 3, 5(8), (3) - 8.

water at ~~nowhere~~

See 12 (Implements)

Tecton 13 & 14 normal, Sect 15 (070)

1941. L.R. Palisome p. 138, 333, 442

4 miles. pge 139

However at full time discussion:

1) L.R. Palisome 138. done deal by 15 June, '41

2). P. 333 @ 334 - 200 miles west
W. in the vessel, brought
Banded limestone,
at pge 442

Please note you have to correlate
recording ?? There was no opportunity before
about same.

1937. No. 225 - pg. 4 below
and 75

1. Defence order in Council [reconsidered] Rule Report
to Parliament we can now consider
as not free to do so as do not
free him from to make the
signature of which is somewhat
left the established rule of
International Law.

See 107.12

2. So the Report must be
concluded as specifying that
Palestine fails to fulfil a duty
which as between the British ships
are the property of Palestine which is
nothing less than Palestine's
concerned with the principles of
international Law.

- 3) If that ship had been seized in
the open sea outside International waters
~~by~~.

- 3) See 12 Can be construed in such a
way that we do not ~~enable~~ the Sh. L. to be forfeited

in ~~the~~ circumstances such as
happened on the land - ought to
be so construed.

(3) Regulation which we are doing
is inconsistent with law
because after Claydale it is
permitted by law in section 17 1.c
of the Public Order in Council

August 20th

[Under the Public Order in Council 1922
in a Public Order in Council 1933.
Subsequently 1933 by & a top regulation
made under reference to a Council
Circular (the ordinance first)]

1933 S.C.P. 156 Reg 184.

follows

It must be assumed that it is
not lawful on high law to
legislate contrary to the Powers
of Parliament

Ship or under Powers, true ship - look like
flag.
Then less a foreign ship.
Zanzibar
Flag.

1891. A.C. p 453¹

The more reasonable -- p 459

L.R. 1. ex. Com. Board p 161.

Queen v Anderson

British Ship -- (Between American Subjects)
- neutral.

" 267 Kedron. (p 162)

Peg 167.

Peg 170. regard to the State

we should consider a British State
enough of Deliberation had

1 standard agrees over in trial court

The U.C. power to make such regulation -

The Regulation is inconsistent with article

Harbors not free; agree in any treaty to
foreign

1st Vol. - open海面 p 239.

~~Part II Ch~~

5th Edn. p 352

Moritzen Belfus a manned bridge.

Russian states can make regulations
in Baff.

Zone of 100 open seas - { Revenue & Police
(not to interfere) } or Sanitary purposes.

Freedom of the open seas

Ex. Art. I. for Revenue

Sanitary laws

In open sea -

Sec 266.

Consequently they might arrest -

1) ~~They have no right to do so~~
~~and shall be liable~~

~~It will be incomplete~~
if they fly a foreign flag on the High Seas
Demanding it under expressly authority
to foreign flags even if it knows that
Canada.

International law doesn't allow
such arrest

2nd argument

Sec 12(1) makes ~~and~~ to be liable a ~~fulfiller~~
of the

Article 3 - deals with
a claimant
claiming to demand
called "Demand" ~~the~~
abandon

3 1(6). Deemed

Article II - Both the ~~abandon~~ under
or ~~abandon~~ ~~abandon~~ was
made ~~impossible~~
Each ~~by~~ ~~abandon~~ ~~with~~ ~~left~~
Bill.

Deemed abandoned

Deemed abandoned ~~but~~
~~no ship~~ cannot be ~~stolen~~
Stolen to ~~any~~ of another
a vessel brought in by the
Commander of her which has
been seized in the High Seas.

a foreign ship probably larger
Brought with Palestine

Sect 13.

—

Provided that if not it shall be
^{Carried on board}
brought up ~~the sea~~ to the
nearest shore

Construction of the section
Abetment & deemed abetment

Business deal. Palestine cannot prosecute
but can person who is not in Palestine
a criminal in Palestine deems the
Commit an offence in Palestine

a crime is committed in ~~Tunisia~~

Many time or repeat and when
a Palestinian judges or is in Palestine often
don't continue in this way you may
make him a criminal in Palestine

When he has not committed any offence
in Palestine at all.

M

3.1-(6) • Law Lecture 4th, 4th (continued)

So the Vessel would enter the law
Knowledge of the master must be
looked as an off-duty position
because he is actually abiding - his/her
wording of (1) b. is all that has
stated or

describing if the master has
agreed upon Palestine then it would
say so or was committed but
here there was no one agreed or stated in
Palestine.

So this section must mean then you
are master him fully your office which
has not been committed in Palestine

to Halibut at page 56
page 56 para 62

Note:

you may as a foreign will be held ^{responsible} by
you have caused the damage of the vessel
but there occurs to me little room there

he is deemed to have committed
an offence in England. He does not
know

As a result of his conduct &
other acts must mean an
area of Palestine".

They chose "deemed abominable" to make
him a criminal when he had no
knowledge.

(Vol 67) 1940. L R Sabotage pt

The ~~conspiracy~~ ² ~~regulation~~ ordinance is altered by
~~is~~ In view of the demand

No 2 (pt 2)

1926. H.L. 321, 329

The object of the measure is not to
facilitate. Paragraph does not facilitate
but it impedes.

at the time when she
was saved.

Respondent's Case.

Facts

1. The vessel was found ^{in fact} further than International waters off Palestine.
2. There were passengers on board under facts, Art. 3, as amended by virtue of the amendment otherwise there arose the rebuttable presumption that the owner of the vessel had deemed the [stated sailing] navigation. This presumption has not been rebutted in any one of the ways provided in Sec 12 Subsection 3. The owner has failed to show, save against the finding of the court no confirmation of his forfeiture. Furthermore he has not shown that his claim is confirmed. This in the case to prove forward say they popularly should not be confined.

(3) Pg iii/c) presents procedure

Here comes the stand & the last
against the making of the
order. It has now to be held to show
the ^{valid} constitution of the order by
power, & nothing in Sec 2, Rule 3
of the 1. 2. 3 - 1934.

~~Section~~ The difficulty then is said to arise
by Sir Valentine, more than less the
last order will be held confirmed

though they have not completed fully d. 1. 2. 3

? The question Section 2(2)(b) is
entitled ?? There was no ^{point} power in the
rule to have ^{enacted} the law under

~~the~~ 1937 order - City Roads Law

Sections 1 and 2 do not apply
in the sense of the power conferred on it
by a former legislature and not established
anyhow that there infringe
the laws of delegation etc.

